DSpace 7 default Theme (work in progress)

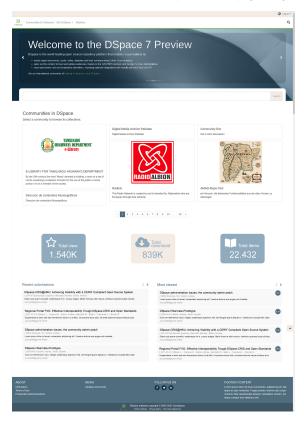
To contribute to the improvement of the default DSpace 7 theme, 4Science has created this page to share and show the work needed in terms of design and information architecture requirements. In particular our work will be focused on :

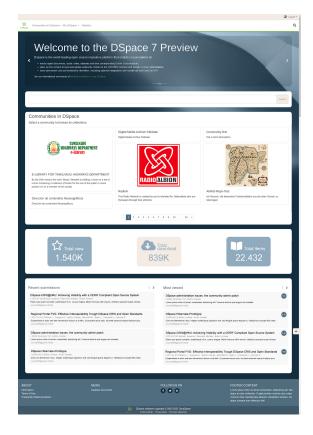
- provide a general proposal for the default DSpace 7 default theme
- provide proposals to better present DSpace 7 key pages :
 - o item page (default, publication, person, project, orgunit, journal)
 - o community page
 - collection page
 - o search page
- standardize the different functionalities of dspace in order to use the same approach in the use of the various UI components e.g., menus, buttons, colors
- finalize different proposals for visualize and include other information/components in the home page such as:
 - o facets (including the option to use a facet as big count such as the entity types or the dc.type)
 - tac

all the components should be easily enabled or disabled to allow the institution to keep the ones that make more sense for its repository

General theme proposal

Here two similar examples for the DSpace 7 home page using the new proposed theme



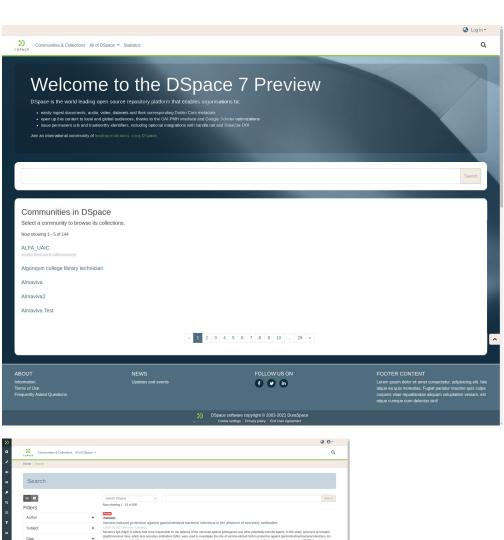


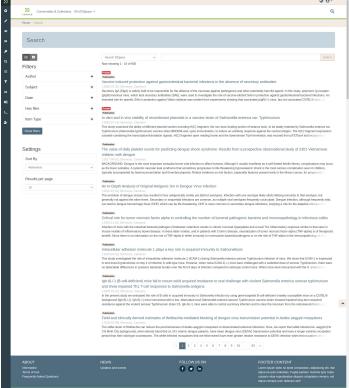
The idea is to allow the institution to show more information about the repository, for this reason we have $\,:\,$

- added some boxes to highlight some statistics like views, downloads and items
 thought of a carousel to scroll through the news
 thought of show the top communities in a more appealing way

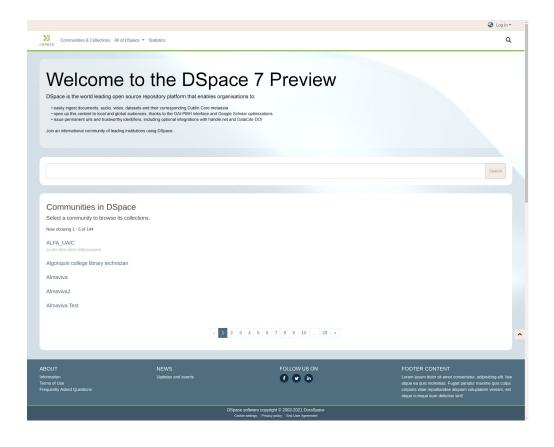
- · added two widgets to show the recent submissions and the most viewed

Here an example of the home page without new components

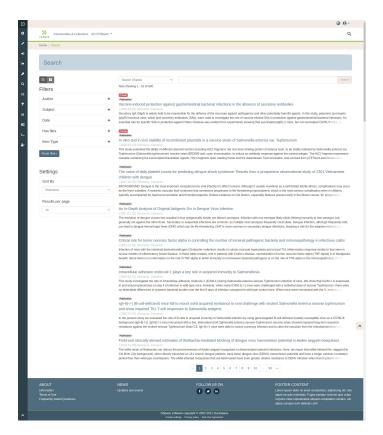




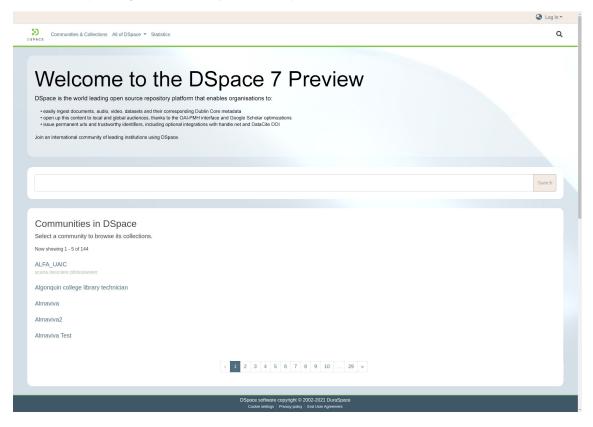
Here some examples of a theme using a lighter color :

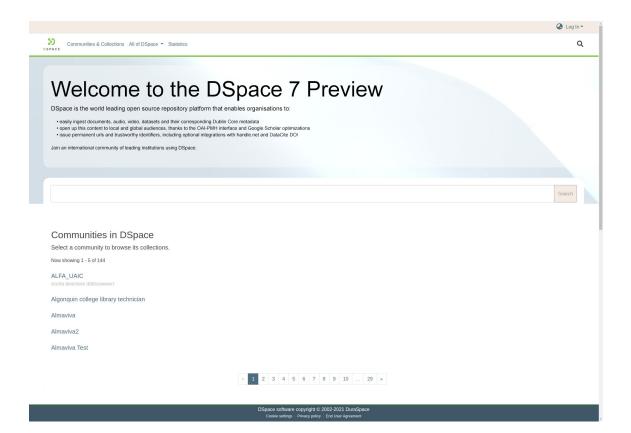


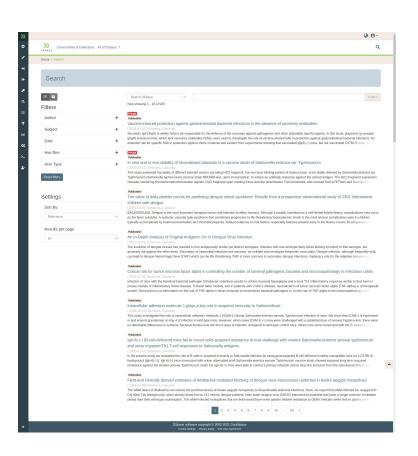


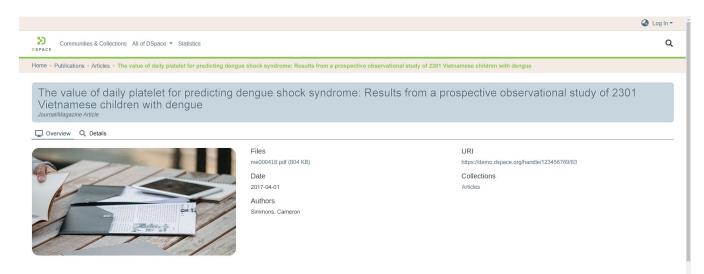


Here some examples using a footer without any additional components :



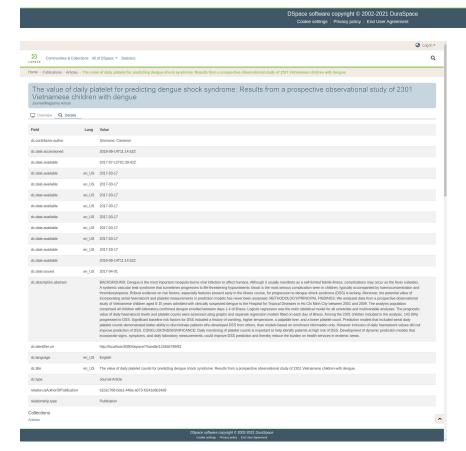




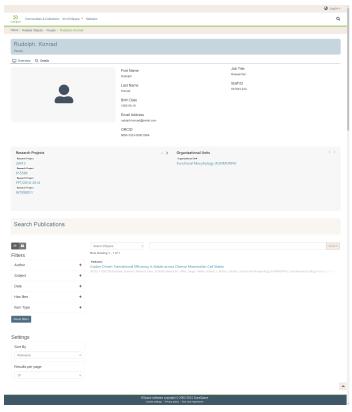


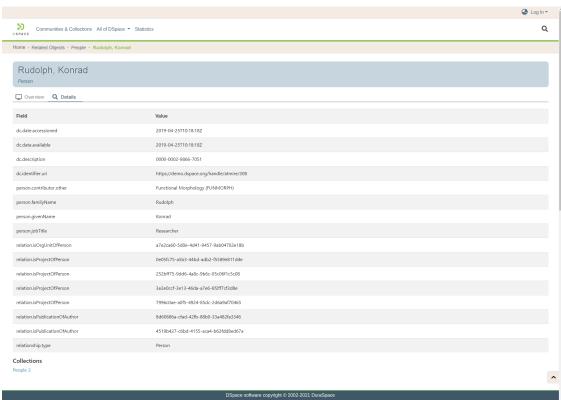
Abstract

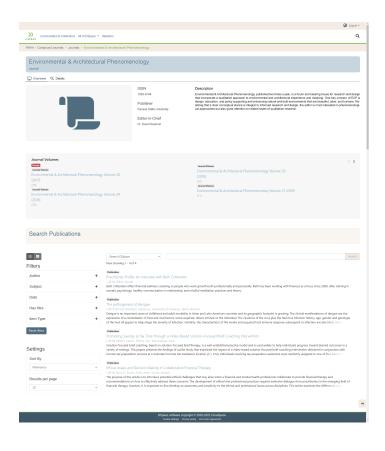
BACKGROUND: Dengue is the most important mosquito-borne viral infection to affect humans. Although it usually manifests as a self-limited febrile illness, complications may occur as the fever subsides. A systemic vascular leak syndrome that sometimes progresses to life-threatening hypovolaemic shock is the most serious complication seen in children, typically accompanied by haemenconcentration and thrombocytopenia. Robust evidence on risk factors, especially features present early in the illness course, for progression to dengue shock syndrome (DSS) is lacking. Moreover, the potential value of incorporating serial haematocrial rand platelet measurements in prediction models has never been assessed. METHODIO.GGY/PRINCIPLE_INDINGS. Verian apages and interest of the progression to dengue enrolled between days 1-4 of illness. Logistic regression was the main statistical model for all univariate and multivariable analyses. The prognostic value of daily haematocrit levels and platelet counts were assessed using graphs are desperated to progression may be considered as a platelet counts. Prediction models fitted on each day of liness. Among the 2301 children included in the analysis, 143 (6%) progressed to DSS. Significant basellier risk factors for DSS included a history of vorniting, higher temperature, and a lower platelet count. Prediction models that included serial daily platelet counts demonstrated better ability to discriminate patients who developed DSS from others, than models based on enrolment information only. However inclusion of daily haematocrit values did not improve prediction of DSS. CONCLUSIONS/GIGNIFICANCE: Daily monitoring of platelet counts is important to help identify patients at high risk of DSS. Development of dynamic prediction models that incorporate signs, symptoms, and daily laboratory measurements, could improve DSS prediction and thereby reduce the burden on health services in endemic areas.

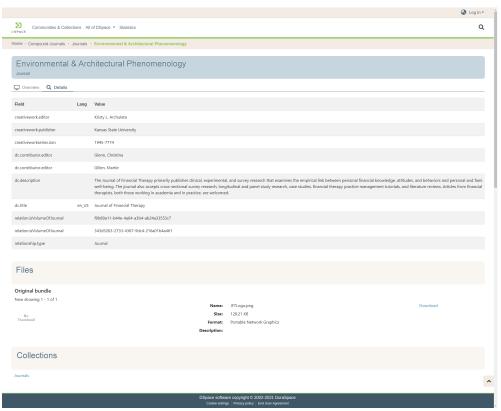


Here an example of how the Person item page could appear













All of DSpace ▼ Statistics



Communities in DSpace

Select a community to browse its collections.

Now showing 1 - 5 of 6

Compound Journals description

Publications