## **Database Cache**

All of Fedora's persistent content and metadata are stored on disk in an OCFL storage root. For performance reasons, Fedora maintains a cache of system and user metadata in a rebuildable database.

For quickly spinning up Fedora in a testing / experimental context, a default H2 database is available by default.

You can connect to the H2 database by:

- 1. Downloading a copy of h2 (needs to match the version used by the version of fedora that you're using, which is 2.1.210 for the latest release): https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/com.h2database/h2/2.1.210
- 2. Launch the h2 web console (this should open a webpage in your browser):

```
java -jar h2-2.1.210.jar
```

3. Open the db by specifying the jdbc url, for example jdbc:h2:/home/jdoe/Downloads/fcrepo/fcrepo-home/data/fcrepo-h2 . When you start fedora, there should be a log line like

```
INFO 15:48:22.039 [main] (DatabaseConfig) JDBC URL: jdbc:h2:/Users/psmith/www/fcrepo/ocfl_temp/data/fcrepo-h2;FILE_LOCK=SOCKET
```

Copy the value from there.

- 4. Remove the default user name
- 5. Click "connect"

Note, you can't have fedora running when you connect to the db.

However, for production installations, it is recommended to use a MariaDB, MySQL or PostgreSQL database.

Fedora currently supports the following versions:

- PostgresQL 12.3
  - MariaDB 10.5.3
  - MySQL 8.0

Below are the steps to use MySQL, MariaDB or PostgreSQL, as well as Docker instructions if you choose to run your database in a Docker container.

For the full list of database properties, please refer to the **Database** section of the **Properties** documentation.

You can find additional information on this wiki about how Fedora rebuilds these caches and the structure of the tables in the database.

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# Native Database Setup

#### MariaDB

- 1. Install an instance of MariaDB and create a database called fcrepo and a user account that can access it
- 2. Run Fedora with the following properties defined either in your properties file or in your JAVA\_OPTS:

```
fcrepo.db.url=jdbc:mariadb://localhost:3306/fcrepo
fcrepo.db.user=<username>
fcrepo.db.password=<password>
```

Note, the fcrepo database must be manually created, but the tables will be automatically created.

### PostgreSQL

- 1. Install an instance of PostgreSQL and create a database called fcrepo and a user account that can access it
- 2. Run Fedora with the following properties defined either in your properties file or in your JAVA\_OPTS:

```
fcrepo.db.url=jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5432/fcrepo
fcrepo.db.user=<username>
fcrepo.db.password=<password>
```

Note, the fcrepo database must be manually created, but the tables will be automatically created.

## MySQL

- 1. Install an instance of MySQL and create a database called fcrepo and a user account that can access it
- 2. Run Fedora with the following properties defined either in your properties file or in your JAVA\_OPTS:

```
fcrepo.db.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/fcrepo
fcrepo.db.user=<username>
fcrepo.db.password=<password>
```

Note, the fcrepo database must be manually created, but the tables will be automatically created.

### **Database Initialization**

#### MySQL and MariaDB

To create a new database and user in MySQL, assuming a username of user1 and a password of xyz:

```
$ mysql -u root -p
> CREATE DATABASE fcrepo CHARACTER SET utf8mb4 COLLATE utf8mb4_bin;
> CREATE USER 'userl'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'xyz';
> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON fcrepo.* to 'userl'@'localhost';
> \q
```

MySQL and MariaDB use case insensitive collations by default, but resources in Fedora are case sensitive. If you decide to create your database using a case insensitive collation, then Fedora will not be able to handle case appropriately, leading to undefined behavior.

#### **PostgreSQL**

To create a new database and user in PostgreSQL, assuming a username of user1 and a password of xyz:

```
$ sudo -u postgres psql
> CREATE DATABASE fcrepo;
> CREATE USER user1;
> ALTER USER user1 PASSWORD 'xyz';
> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON DATABASE fcrepo TO user1;
> \q
```

## **Docker-based Database Setup**

The following instructions detail how to run your database in a Docker container.

### MariaDB

The following instructions use the database username of "fcrepo-user" and password of "fcrepo-pw". You will want to change these to something more secure.

```
docker run --name f6-mariadb -e MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=root-pw -e MYSQL_DATABASE=fcrepo -e MYSQL_USER=fcrepo-user -e MYSQL_PASSWORD=fcrepo-pw -p 3306:3306 -d mariadb:10.5.3 --character-set-server=utf8mb4 --collation-server=utf8mb4_bin

..when done with the database:
docker stop f6-mariadb
docker rm f6-mariadb
```

### MariaDB CLI Client

To connect via the command line with the above database, the following command may be used:

```
docker exec -it f6-mariadb mysql -ufcrepo-user -pfcrepo-pw -Dfcrepo
```

In order for Fedora to connect with a database configured as above, the Fedora should be started with the following properties:

```
fcrepo.db.url=jdbc:mariadb://localhost:3306/fcrepo
fcrepo.db.user=fcrepo-user
fcrepo.db.password=fcrepo-pw
```

### **PostgreSQL**

The following instructions use the database username of "fcrepo-user" and password of "fcrepo-pw". You will want to change these to something more secure.

```
docker run --name f6-postgres -e POSTGRES_USER=fcrepo-user -e POSTGRES_PASSWORD=fcrepo-pw -e POSTGRES_DB=fcrepo
-p 5432:5432 -d postgres:12.3

..when done with the database:
docker stop f6-postgres
docker rm f6-postgres
```

### PostgreSQL CLI Client

To connect via the command line with the above database, the following command may be used:

```
docker exec -it f6-postgres psql -U fcrepo-user -d fcrepo
```

In order for Fedora to connect with a database configured as above, the Fedora should be started with the following properties:

```
fcrepo.db.url=jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5432/fcrepo
fcrepo.db.user=fcrepo-user
fcrepo.db.password=fcrepo-pw
```

### MySQL

The following instructions use the database username of "fcrepo-user" and password of "fcrepo-pw". You will want to change these to something more secure.

```
docker run --name f6-mysql -e MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=root-pw -e MYSQL_DATABASE=fcrepo -e MYSQL_USER=fcrepo-user -e MYSQL_PASSWORD=fcrepo-pw -p 3306:3306 -d mysql:8.0 --character-set-server=utf8mb4 --collation-server=utf8mb4_bin

..when done with the database:
docker stop f6-mysql
docker rm f6-mysql
```

## **MySQL CLI Client**

To connect via the command line with the above database, the following command may be used:

```
docker exec -it f6-mysql mysql -ufcrepo-user -pfcrepo-pw -Dfcrepo
```

In order for Fedora to connect with a database configured as above, the Fedora should be started with the following properties:

```
fcrepo.db.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/fcrepo
fcrepo.db.user=fcrepo-user
fcrepo.db.password=fcrepo-pw
```