

2015-02-24 breakout: Services on linked data

Services on linked data

LD4L Workshop Breakout Session, Tuesday, February 24

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Risk of not knowing what to search for

- Providing discovery endpoints
 - 'hardened' SPARQL endpoints may be less prone to down time – e.g., [Fuseki documentation](#) states that "authentication and control of the number of concurrent requests can be added using an Apache server"
- publishing starting points with examples and standard extracts may help
 - emulate Social Explorer <http://sociaexplorer.com> as a way to query the contents of a larger data source, in that case census data
 - the linked data fragments technology (<http://linkeddatafragments.org>) may facilitate hosting linked data without the server-side overhead and risk of a public SPARQL endpoint
- VIVO/Vitro 'rich export' – augmenting standard linked data responses with standard queries
 - e.g., get all a person's publications from a single request rather than client having to issue multiple requests

Synchronizing harvested information

- Risk of harvested or aggregated information going out of sync
 - [Resource sync](#) standard addressed the need to repeatedly synchronize and update
- Semantic Web crawling leveraging HTML web crawler experience
 - what's attached
 - what has changed

Desire to be able to query on different axes

- e.g., [query OCLC Works](#) by VIAF identifier to get a list of works by that author

Reconciliation services

- not necessarily centralized or monopolies
- would work best in an iterative mode, with curation and provenance to manage difference of opinion (or evidence)
 - who's made that assertion – differentiate librarians from crowdsourcing
 - some way to express variable confidence levels
- incorporate feedback from users
- need protocols – could leverage a common API for reconciliation building on the OpenRefine API — specify as much metadata as you have, get ranked results back
- surface (publish) the results – known servers, as with annotations – select which servers to request responses or harvest data from
 - notifications of new matches?
 - ability to +1 or thumbs-up the connection to corroborate – [Reddit](#) gets a lot of traction that way
 - repeating assertions in multiple repositories
- [sameAs.org](#) but with other expressions for and levels of confidence in the relationship

Validation

- [RDF data shapes](#) working group
- DCMI tutorial on [RDF validation](#)
- Measure the consistency of ontology use
- Linked data needs mashup tools that test connections and illustrate bringing data together

Ontology extension mechanisms

- [Schema.org extensions](#) being proposed and managed on [GitHub](#)
 - [Bib Extend group](#) and [BiblioGraph](#)

Ability to push bookmarks

- Small graphs of data, consumable by others, to a platform similar to Mendeley but not limited to bibliographic material
- A service where I can push the results of my search, organized by topic
- Add things to a collection I have
- Similar to an annotation service

- You search, you refine it, you step back — now only save as bookmarks at one level
- Nobody can use your web bookmarks now
- Hide the URIs behind a UI

Additional ideas

- Semantic autotagging
- [Nanopublications](#) – breaking academic articles into independent assertions with a mechanism to agree/disagree
- Side wikis – a plugin for the Netscape browser where a wiki could be associated with any web page and display additional, user-entered content or commentary on any web page
- individual libraries will become the authorities for special collections — items, people, events
 - queries to a central area would find a match
 - cache the sameAs so don't have to re-query; everybody who consumes has the cross-links
 - the sort of thing that OCLC might end up doing — could be any type of object — logical to start with works
- regular expressions to apply against EAD to suggest what is linked to; feed into a system to validate, then give pointers to the link
- a clustering algorithm to track the number of times a link between two entities is traversed, effectively shortening the distance between them
- a better page rank algorithm for linked data
- anybody a favorite semantic search engine (no – too siloed)
- visualizations have to be crafted individually