Migrating from Fedora 3 to Fedora 4

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Learning Outcomes

● Understand the main differences between Fedora 3 and Fedora 4
● Understand the considerations necessary for migrating from Fedora 3 to Fedora 4
● Explore new possibilities for enhancing data in Fedora 4
Differences between Fedora 3 and Fedora 4
XML Objects vs. Resources

- **Fedora 3**
  - FOXML objects
  - Inline XML and XML datastreams

- **Fedora 4**
  - Web resources (Objects & datastreams)
  - RDF properties and XML datastreams
Flat vs. Hierarchy

● Fedora 3
  ○ Objects and datastreams at the top level
  ○ No inherent tree structure

● Fedora 4
  ○ Objects and datastreams in a hierarchy
  ○ All resources descend from a root node
File System

- Fedora 3
  - Objects directory and Datastreams directory
  - Both objects and datastreams are in a PairTree

- Fedora 4
  - Objects directory and Datastreams directory
  - Datastreams in a PairTree
  - Objects in a database (e.g. LevelDB)
PID vs. Path

- **Fedora 3**
  - Objects have Persistent Identifiers (PID)
  - An object’s PID can never be altered

- **Fedora 4**
  - Objects have an internal ModeShape UUID
  - Objects have a repository path
    - This can be user-defined or generated via a PID-minter
Migration Considerations
**Ingest or Projection?**

- Fedora 4 supports projection over content in an external system.
- Projecting over Fedora 3 REST-API is possible.
- Projection does not provide any opportunities for data enhancement.
Security

- What kind of security does your Fedora 3 repository use?
- Many Fedora 3 repositories use XACML security.
  - Fedora 3 XACML policies would need to be transformed for Fedora 4 (which supports XACML 2.0).
Versions

- Does your Fedora 3 repository use versioning?
- Fedora 3 versions must be iterated through to create new versions in Fedora 4.
- How should version dates be handled? Will you use the system modified date, or a special date property?
Content Models

- How are content models used in your Fedora 3 repository?
- Do they have any logic built into them, or is that handled at a higher application level (e.g. Islandora, Hydra)?
Disseminators

- Does your Fedora 3 repository make use of disseminators?
- What are they used for? XSL transforms? Derivatives?
- How can we support the existing disseminator use cases in Fedora 4 without re-creating disseminators?
Other Considerations

● Have we left anything out?
● What else needs to be considered when planning a migration?
Enhancements
Taking Advantage of Properties

- Lightweight and granular compared to XML.
- Inline XML is no longer supported.
- Converting Inline XML and/or XML Datastreams (e.g. RELS-EXT, RELS-INT) to RDF properties.
New Query Possibilities

- New possibilities for complex queries that extend beyond the limits of the repository.
  - Linked data relationships can be exposed via a standardized REST-API
  - Web applications can take advantage of these standardized representations.
  - Data can be shared and manipulated in new and interesting ways.
Enhancing Your Metadata

- XML metadata datastreams are still supported, but there are new opportunities to explore!
- XML metadata can be converted into RDF metadata using an RDF-based schema.
- RDF metadata is easier to query and share.
- Take advantage of linked data by pointing to authority URIs.